

KEEBOX



User's Guide

Wireless 150 N Home Router
W150NR

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Before you Begin

Please read and make sure you understand all the prerequisites for proper installation of your new Wireless Router. Have all the necessary information and equipment on hand before beginning the installation.

Installation Notes

In order to establish a connection to the Internet it will be necessary to provide information to the Router that will be stored in its memory. For some users, only their account information (Username and Password) is required. For others, various parameters that control and define the Internet connection will be required. You can print out the two pages below and use the tables to list this information. This way you have a hard copy of all the information needed to setup the Router. If it is necessary to reconfigure the device, all the necessary information can be easily accessed. Be sure to keep this information safe and private.

Low Pass Filters

Since ADSL and telephone services share the same copper wiring to carry their respective signals, a filtering mechanism may be necessary to avoid mutual interference. A low pass filter device can be installed for each telephone that shares the line with the ADSL line. These filters are easy to install passive devices that connect to the ADSL device and/or telephone using standard telephone cable. Ask your service provider for more information about the use of low pass filters with your installation.

Operating Systems

The Router uses an HTML-based web interface for setup and management. The web configuration manager may be accessed using any operating system capable of running web browser software, including Windows 98 SE, Windows ME, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Vista.

Web Browser

Any common web browser can be used to configure the Router using the web configuration management software. The program is designed to work best with more recently released browsers such as Opera, Microsoft Internet Explorer® version 6.0, Netscape Navigator® version 6.2.3, or later versions. The web browser must have JavaScript enabled. JavaScript is enabled by default on many browsers. Make sure JavaScript has not been disabled by other software (such as virus protection or web user security packages) that may be running on your computer.

Ethernet Port (NIC Adapter)

Any computer that uses the Router must be able to connect to it through the Ethernet port on the Router. This connection is an Ethernet connection and therefore requires that your computer be equipped with an Ethernet port as well. Most notebook computers are now sold with an Ethernet port already installed. Likewise, most fully assembled desktop computers come with an Ethernet NIC adapter as standard equipment. If your computer does not have an Ethernet port, you must install an Ethernet NIC adapter before you can use the Router. If you must install an adapter, follow the installation instructions that come with the Ethernet NIC adapter.

WLAN Ethernet Adapter

Any computer that uses the Wireless ADSL Router must be able to connect to it through the Wireless Ethernet (WLAN) on the Wireless ADSL Router. This connection is a Wireless Ethernet (WLAN or WiFi) connection and therefore requires that your computer be equipped with a Wireless Ethernet Adapter as well. Many notebook computers are now sold with a Wireless Ethernet Adapter already installed. There is also a Wired Ethernet port that is used to connect the WLAN adapter to your wired network. This port can be used to configure the Wireless ADSL Router. Most fully assembled desktop computers come with an Ethernet NIC adapter as standard equipment. If your computer does not have an Ethernet port, you must install an Ethernet NIC adapter before you can configure the Wireless ADSL Router. If you must install an adapter, follow the installation instructions that come with the Ethernet NIC adapter.

Additional Software

It may be necessary to install software on your computer that enables the computer to access the Internet. Additional software must be installed if you are using the device a simple bridge. For a bridged connection, the information needed to make and maintain the Internet connection is stored on another computer or gateway device, not in the Router itself.

If your ADSL service is delivered through a PPPoE or PPPoA connection, the information needed to establish and maintain the Internet connection can be stored in the Router. In this case, it is not necessary to install software on your computer. It may however be necessary to change some settings in the device, including account information used to identify and verify the connection.

All connections to the Internet require a unique global IP address. For bridged connections, the global IP settings must reside in a TCP/IP enabled device on the LAN side of the bridge, such as a PC, a server, a gateway device such as a router or similar firewall hardware. The IP address can be assigned in a number of ways. Your network service provider will give you instructions about any additional connection software or NIC configuration that may be required.

Information you will need from your ADSL service provider

Username

This is the Username used to log on to your ADSL service provider's network. Your ADSL service provider uses this to identify your account.

Password

This is the Password used, in conjunction with the Username above, to log on to your ADSL service provider's network. This is used to verify the identity of your account.

WAN Setting / Connection Type

These settings describe the method your ADSL service provider uses to transport data between the Internet and your computer. Most users will use the default settings. You may need to specify one of the following WAN Setting and Connection Type configurations (Connection Type settings listed in parenthesis):

- PPPoE/PPoA (PPPoE LLC, PPPoA LLC or PPPoA VC-Mux)
- Bridge Mode (1483 Bridged IP LLC or 1483 Bridged IP VC Mux)
- IPoA/MER (Static IP Address) (Bridged IP LLC, 1483 Bridged IP VC Mux, 1483 Routed IP LLC, 1483 Routed IP VC-Mux or IPoA)
- MER (Dynamic IP Address) (1483 Bridged IP LLC or 1483 Bridged IP VC-Mux)

Modulation Type

ADSL uses various standardized modulation techniques to transmit data over the allotted signal frequencies. Some users may need to change the type of modulation used for their service. The default DSL modulation (ADSL2+ Multi-Mode) used for the Router automatically detects all types of ADSL, ADSL2, and ADSL2+ modulation.

Security Protocol

This is the method your ADSL service provider will use to verify your Username and Password when you log on to their network. Your Router supports the PAP and CHAP protocols.

VPI

Most users will not be required to change this setting. The Virtual Path Identifier (VPI) is used in conjunction with the Virtual Channel Identifier (VCI) to identify the data path between your ADSL service provider's network and your computer. If you are setting up the Router for multiple virtual connections, you will need to configure the VPI and VCI as instructed by your ADSL service provider for the additional connections. This setting can be changed in the WAN Settings window of the web management interface.

VCI

Most users will not be required to change this setting. The Virtual Channel Identifier (VCI) used in conjunction with the VPI to identify the data path between your ADSL service provider's network and your computer. If you are setting up the Router for multiple virtual connections, you will need to configure the VPI and VCI as instructed by your ADSL service provider for the additional connections. This setting can be changed in the WAN Settings window of the web management interface.

VCI

Most users will not be required to change this setting. The Virtual Channel Identifier (VCI) used in conjunction with the VPI to identify the data path between your ADSL service provider's network and your computer. If you are setting up the Router for multiple virtual connections, you will need to configure the VPI and VCI as instructed by your ADSL service provider for the additional connections. This setting can be changed in the WAN Settings window of the web management interface.

Information you will need about the Router

Username

This is the Username needed access the Router's management interface. When you attempt to connect to the device through a web browser you will be prompted to enter this Username. The default Username for the Router is "admin." The user cannot change this.

Password

This is the Password you will be prompted to enter when you access the Router's management interface. The default Password is blank The user may change this.

LAN IP addresses for the Router

This is the IP address you will enter into the Address field of your web browser to access the Router's configuration graphical user interface (GUI) using a web browser. The default IP address is 192.168.10.1. This may be changed to suit any IP address scheme the user desires. This address will be the base IP address used for DHCP service on the LAN when DHCP is enabled.

LAN Subnet Mask for the Router

This is the subnet mask used by the Router, and will be used throughout your LAN. The default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0. This can be changed later.

Information you will need about your LAN or computer

Ethernet NIC

If your computer has an Ethernet NIC, you can connect the Router to this Ethernet port using an Ethernet cable. You can also use the Ethernet ports on the Router to connect to other computer or Ethernet devices.

DHCP Client status

The ADSL Router is configured, by default, to be a DHCP server. This means that it can assign an IP address, subnet mask, and a default gateway address to computers on your LAN. The default range of IP addresses the Router will assign are from 192.168.1.2 to 192.168.1.254. Your computer (or computers) needs to be configured to obtain an IP address automatically (that is, they need to be configured as DHCP clients.)

It is recommended that your collect and record this information here, or in some other secure place, in case you have to re-configure your ADSL connection in the future.

Once you have the above information, you are ready to setup and configure the Router.

Wireless Tips

The following are some general wireless tips to help minimize the impact of interference within an environment.

Assign your network a unique SSID. Do not use anything that would be identifying like “Smith Family Network”. Choose something that you would easily identify when searching for available wireless networks.

Do **not** turn off the SSID broadcast. The SSID broadcast is intended to be on and turning it off can cause connectivity issues. The preferred method of securing a wireless network is to choose a strong form of encryption with a strong and varied encryption key.

Note: after setting up the SSID, encryption type and encryption key/passphrase, please make a note of them for future reference. You will need this information to connect your wireless computers to the wireless router/access point.

Change the channel. Most wireless access points and routers are defaulted to channel 6. If you have a site survey tool that will display the channels you can plan your channel selection around neighboring access points to minimize interference from them. If your site survey tool does not display the channel try using channels 1 or 11.

If using 802.11n you should be securing the network with WPA2 security.

Note: Due to Wi-Fi certification considerations if you choose WEP, WPA or WPA2-TKIP encryption this device may operate in legacy wireless mode (802.11b/g). You may not get 802.11n performance as these forms of encryption are not supported by the 802.11n specification.

Please also make sure that the wireless hardware is not placed in any type of shelving or enclosures.

Avoid stacking hardware on top of each other to prevent overheating issues. Maintain enough free space around the hardware for good ventilation and airflow. There should also be plenty of free space around the antennas to allow the wireless signal to propagate.

There are a number of other environmental factors that can impact the range of wireless devices.

1. Adjust your wireless devices so that the signal is traveling in a straight path, rather than at an angle. The more material the signal has to pass through the more signal you will lose.
2. Keep the number of obstructions to a minimum. Each obstruction can reduce the range of a wireless device. Position the wireless devices in a manner that will minimize the amount of obstructions between them.
3. Building materials can have a large impact on your wireless signal. In an indoor environment, try to position the wireless devices so that the signal passes through less dense material such as dry wall. Dense materials like metal, solid wood, glass or even furniture may block or degrade the signal.
4. Antenna orientation can also have a large impact on your wireless signal. Use the wireless adapter's site survey tool to determine the best antenna orientation for your wireless devices.

5. Interference from devices that produce RF (radio frequency) noise can also impact your signal. Position your wireless devices away from anything that generates RF noise, such as microwaves, HAM radios, Walkie-Talkies and baby monitors.
6. Any device operating on the 2.4GHz frequency will cause interference. Devices such as 2.4GHz cordless phones or other wireless remotes operating on the 2.4GHz frequency can potentially drop the wireless signal. Although the phone may not be in use, the base can still transmit wireless signal. Move the phone's base station as far away as possible from your wireless devices.

If you are still experiencing low or no signal consider repositioning the wireless devices or installing additional access points. The use of higher gain antennas may also provide the necessary coverage depending on the environment.

Device Installation

The Router connects two separate physical interfaces, an ADSL (WAN) and an Ethernet (LAN) interface. Place the Router in a location where it can be connected to the various devices as well as to a power source. The Router should not be located where it will be exposed to moisture or excessive heat. Make sure the cables and power cord are placed safely out of the way so they do not create a tripping hazard. As with any electrical appliance, observe common sense safety procedures.

The Router can be placed on a shelf or desktop, ideally you should be able to see the LED indicators on the front if you need to view them for troubleshooting.

Power on Router

The Router must be used with the power adapter included with the device.

1. Insert the AC Power Adapter cord into the power receptacle located on the rear panel of the Router and plug the adapter into a suitable nearby power source.
2. You should see the Power LED indicator light up green.
3. If the Ethernet port is connected to a working device, check the LAN LED indicators to make sure the connection is valid. The Router will attempt to establish the ADSL connection, if the ADSL line is connected and the Router is properly configured this should light up after several seconds. If this is the first time installing the device, some settings may need to be changed before the Router can establish a connection.

Factory Reset Button

The Router may be reset to the original factory default settings by using a ballpoint or paperclip to gently push down the reset button in the following sequence:

1. Ensure the Router is powered on.
2. Press and hold the reset button on the back of the device for approximately 5 to 8 seconds.
3. This process should take around 1 to 2 minutes.

Remember that this will wipe out any settings stored in flash memory including user account information and LAN IP settings. The device settings will be restored to the factory default IP address **192.168.10.1** and the subnet mask is **255.255.255.0**, the default management Username is "admin" and the default Password is "admin."

Network Connections

Connect ADSL Line

Use the ADSL cable included with the Router to connect it to a telephone wall socket or receptacle. Plug one end of the cable into the ADSL port (RJ-11 receptacle) on the rear panel of the Router and insert the other end into the RJ-11 wall socket. If you are using a low pass filter device, follow the instructions included with the device or given to you by your service provider. The ADSL connection represents the WAN interface, the connection to the Internet. It is the physical link to the service provider's network backbone and ultimately to the Internet.

Connect Router to Ethernet

The Router may be connected to a single computer or Ethernet device through the 10BASE-TX Ethernet port on the rear panel. Any connection to an Ethernet concentrating device such as a switch or hub must operate at a speed of 10/100 Mbps only. When connecting the Router to any Ethernet device that is capable of operating at speeds higher than 10Mbps, be sure that the device has auto-negotiation (NWay) enabled for the connecting port. Use standard twisted-pair cable with RJ-45 connectors. The RJ-45 port on the Router is a crossed port (MDI-X). Follow standard Ethernet guidelines when deciding what type of cable to use to make this connection. When connecting the Router directly to a PC or server use a normal straight-through cable. You should use a crossed cable when connecting the Router to a normal (MDI-X) port on a switch or hub. Use a normal straight-through cable when connecting it to an uplink (MDI-II) port on a hub or switch. The rules governing Ethernet cable lengths apply to the LAN to Router connection. Be sure that the cable connecting the LAN to the Router does not exceed 100 meters.

Hub or Switch to Router Connection

Connect the Router to an uplink port (MDI-II) on an Ethernet hub or switch with a straight-through cable. If you wish to reserve the uplink port on the switch or hub for another device, connect to any on the other MDI-X ports (1x, 2x, etc.) with a crossed cable.

Computer to Router Connection

You can connect the Router directly to a 10/100BASE-TX Ethernet adapter card (NIC) installed on a PC using the Ethernet cable provided.

Package Contents

- Keebox Wireless 11n Router
- Power Adapter
- Ethernet Cable
- Manual and Warranty on CD

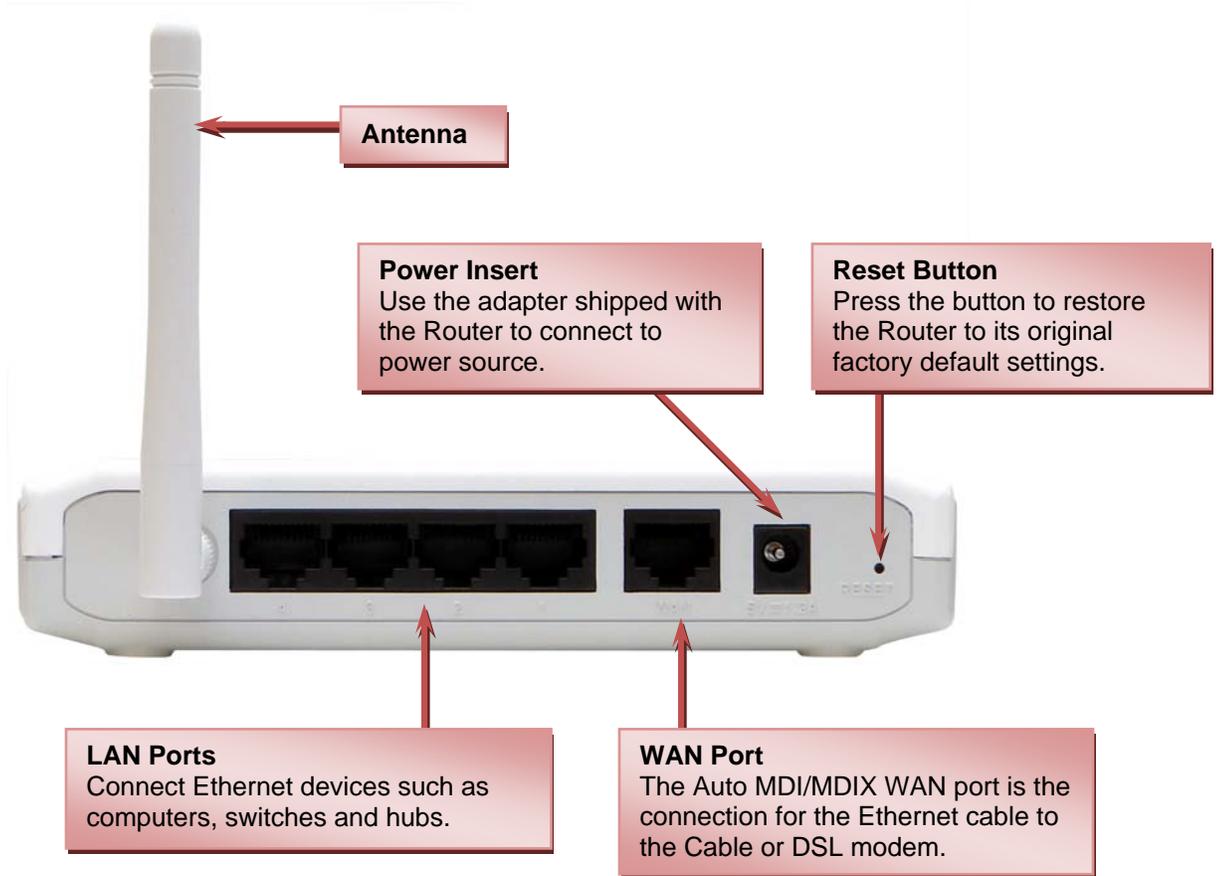
Warning: Using a power supply with a different voltage rating than the one included with the Router will cause damage and void the warranty for this product.

System Requirements

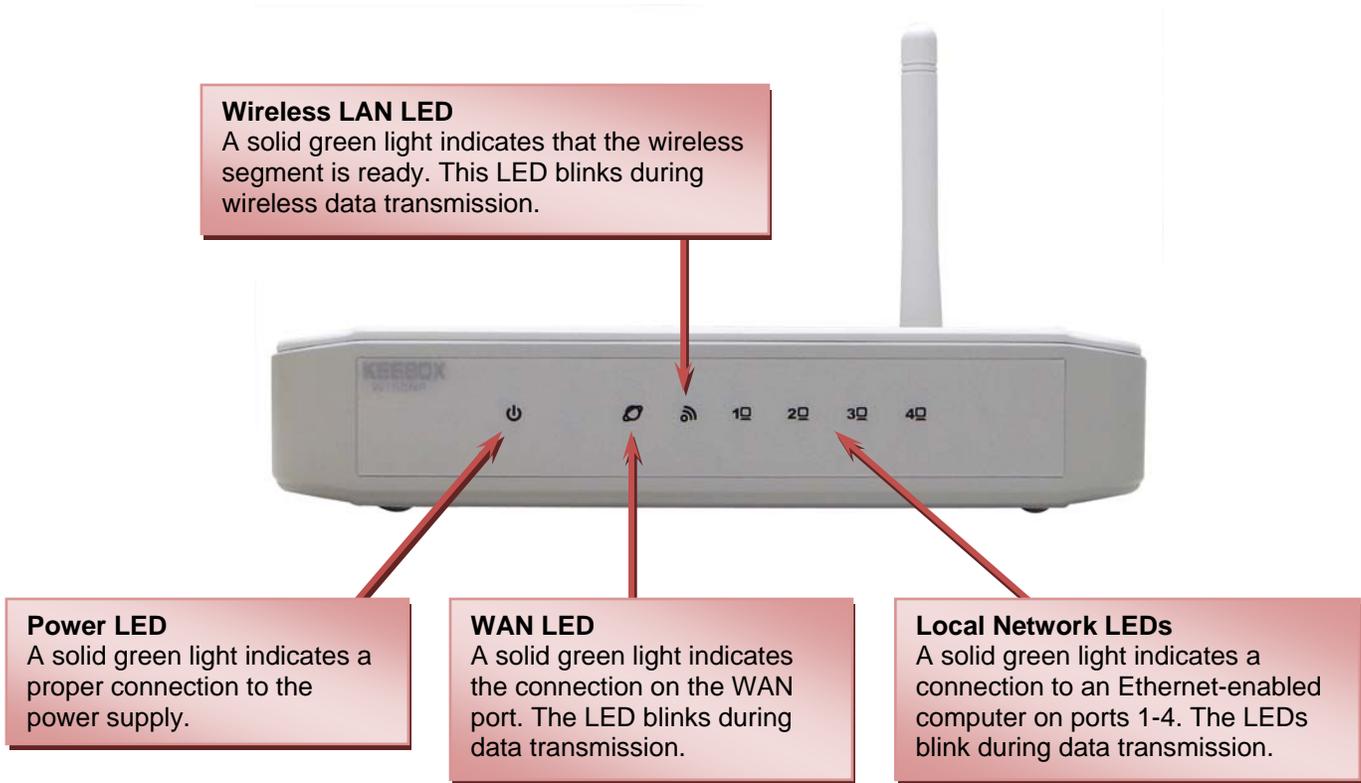
- Ethernet-based Cable or DSL Modem
- Computers with Windows®, Macintosh®, or Linux-based operating systems with an installed Ethernet adapter
- Internet Explorer 6 or Firefox 2.0 or above (for configuration)

Hardware Overview

Connections



LEDs



WPS Button



The WPS Push Button is located at the right side of the Router. Press the button to enable the WPS function. Refer to WPS section for more detail. The blue light blinks when searching for the connection. The blue light remains for 300 seconds when successfully connected.

Installation

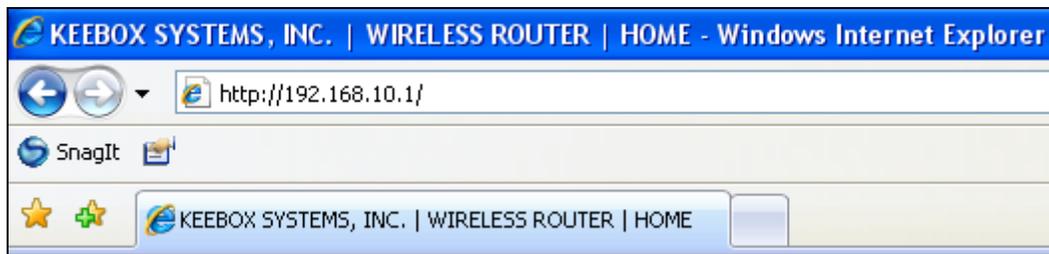
This section will walk you through the installation process. Placement of the router is very important. Do not place the router in an enclosed area such as a closet, cabinet, or in the attic or garage.

Configuration

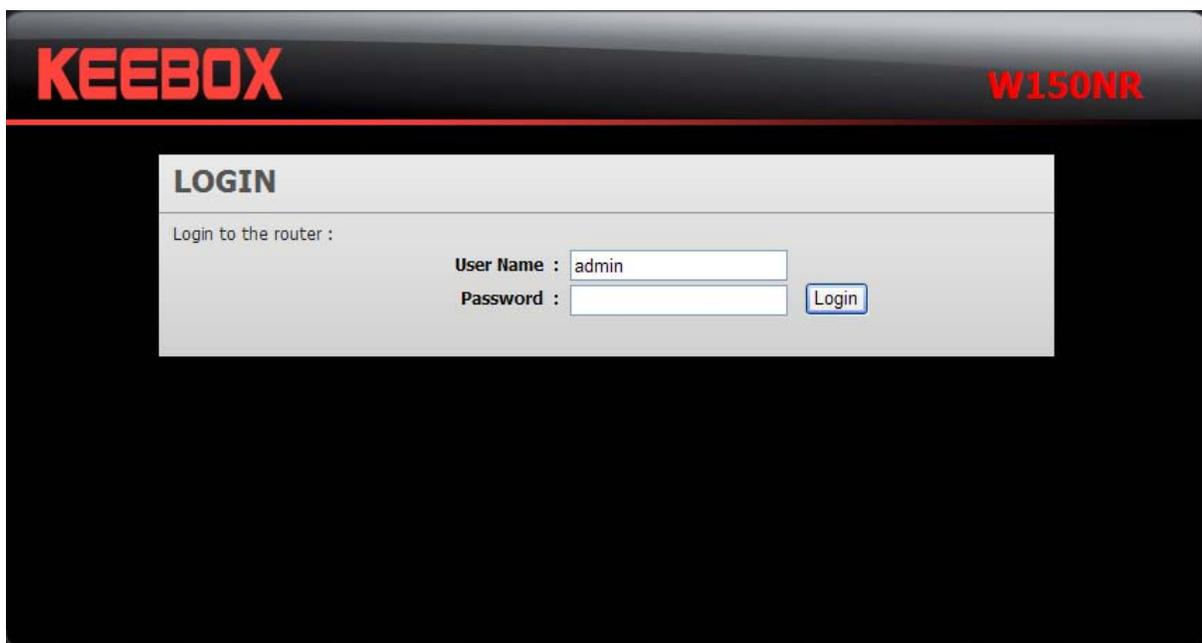
This section will show you how to set up and configure your new D-Link Router using the Web-based configuration utility.

Web-based Configuration Utility

To access the configuration utility, open a web-browser such as Internet Explorer and enter the IP address of the Router (192.168.10.1).



The following screen appears.



Enter the user name, admin, and leave the password blank by default.

System

This chapter provides basic system information and settings of the Router.

Status

This window displays the current information about the Router, including the basic system information, WAN, LAN and WLAN settings.

KEEBOX **W150NR**

SYSTEM

- Status
- LAN
- DHCP
- Schedule
- Event Log

WIZARD

INTERNET

WIRELESS 2.4GHZ

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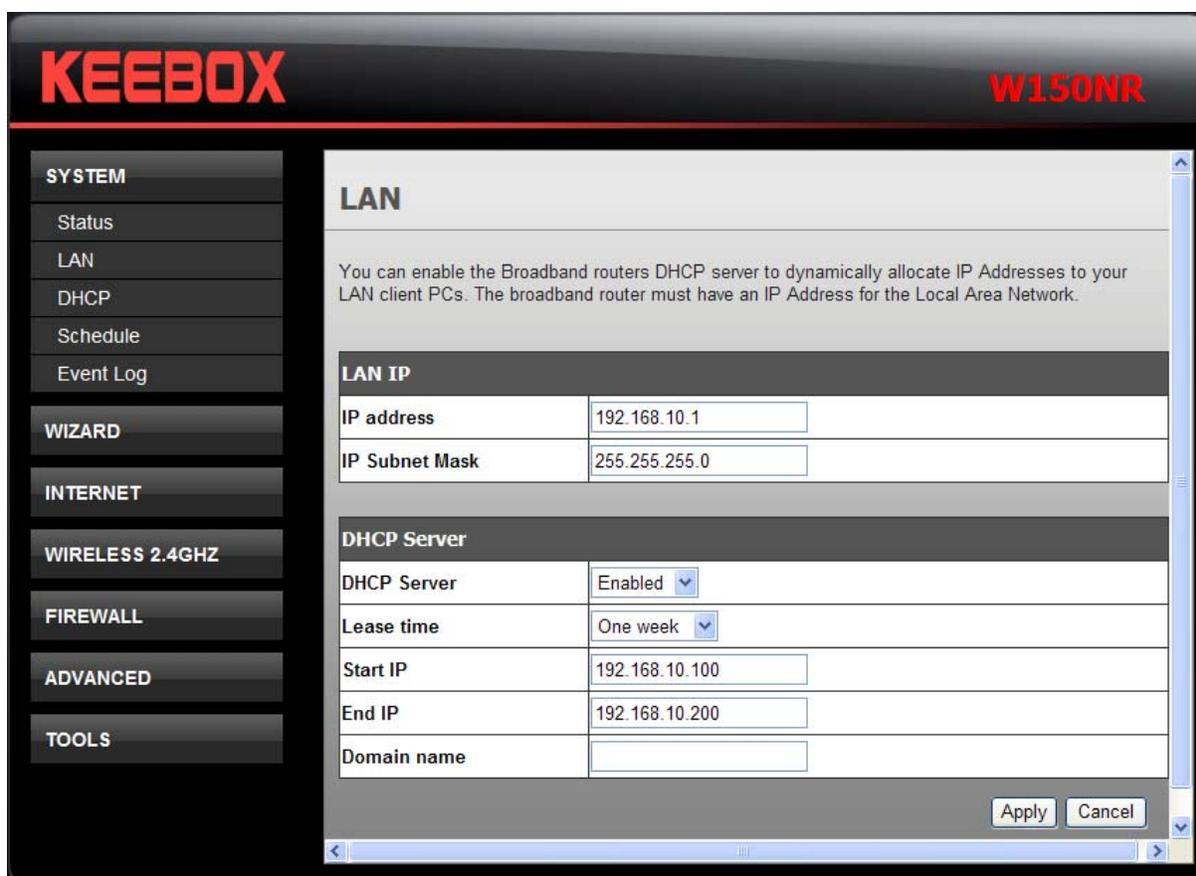
Status

You can use the Status page to monitor the connection status for the WAN/LAN interfaces, firmware, hardware version numbers and information on all DHCP client PCs currently connected to your network.

System	
Model	W150NR
Mode	router
Date and Time	2000/01/02 00:00:24
Uptime	0 Day 0 Hour 0 Min 33 Sec
Hardware version	0A1
Kernel version	Linux version 2.6.21
Application version	1.00. keebox
WAN Settings	
Attain IP Protocol	DHCP Client
IP Address	0.0.0.0
Subnet Mask	0.0.0.0

LAN

This section allows you to change the local network settings of the Router and to configure the DHCP settings.



Fields	Description
IP address	Enter the IP address of the Router. The default IP address is <i>192.168.10.1</i> .
IP Subnet Mask	Enter the subnet mask. The default subnet mask is <i>255.255.255.0</i> .

DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Control Protocol. The Router has a built-in DHCP server. The DHCP Server will automatically assign an IP address to the computers on the LAN/private network. Be sure to set your computers to be DHCP clients by setting their TCP/IP settings to **Obtain an IP Address Automatically**. When turning your computers on, they will automatically load the proper TCP/IP settings provided by the Router. The DHCP Server will automatically allocate an unused IP address from the IP address pool to the requesting computer. You must specify the starting and ending address of the IP address pool.

Fields	Description
DHCP Server	Use the drop-down list to enable or disable the DHCP server function.
Lease time	The length of time for the IP address lease.
Start IP	Enter the starting IP address for the DHCP server's IP assignment.
End IP	Enter the ending IP address for the DHCP server's IP assignment.
Domain name	Enter the domain name.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

DHCP

This window allows you to configure the DHCP client information.

KEEBOX **W150NR**

SYSTEM

- Status
- LAN
- DHCP
- Schedule
- Event Log

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DHCP

This DHCP Client Table shows client IP address assigned by the DHCP Server.

DHCP Client Table		
IP address	MAC address	Expiration Time
Refresh		

Enable Static DHCP IP
You can assign an IP address to the specific MAC address

IP address	MAC address
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Add Reset

Current Static DHCP Table			
NO.	IP address	MAC address	Select
Delete Selected Delete All			

Apply Cancel

The DHCP Client Table displays all the client IP address assigned by the DHCP server.

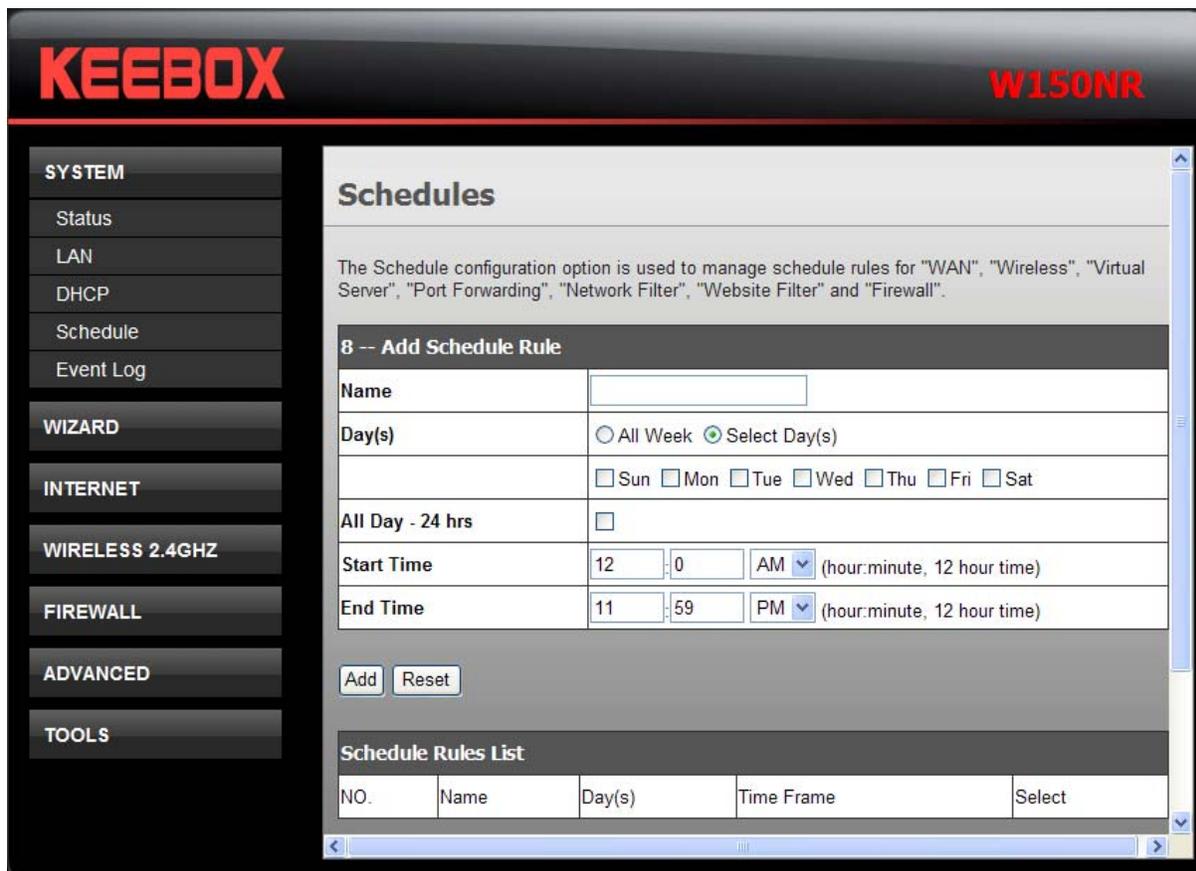
To assign an IP address to a specific MAC address, tick **Enable Static DHCP IP** check box, enter the IP and MAC addresses in the fields and click the **Add** button. The information will display in the Current Static DHCP Table.

To remove specific static DHCP IP addresses, tick the corresponding check boxes under **Select**, and click **Delete Selected**. To remove all entries, click **Delete All**.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

Schedule

The Router allows the user the ability to manage schedule rules for various wireless settings, filter features, firewall features and virtual server settings.



Fields	Description
Name	Enter a name for the schedule.
Day(s)	Click the radio button to choose the desired day(s), either All Week or Select Day(s) . If the latter is selected, use the checkboxes directly below to specify the individual days.
All Day – 24 hrs	Tick the check box to apply the new schedule rule to a full day.
Start Time	If the schedule rule is not applied to a full day, specify the starting time of the schedule rule in this field.
End Time	If the schedule rule is not applied to a full day, specify the ending time of the schedule rule in this field.

Click **Add** to save the changes and see the rule in the Schedule Rules List. To remove specific schedule rules, tick the corresponding check boxes under **Select**, and click **Delete Selected**. To remove all entries, click **Delete All**. Click **Reset** to clear all the information that has not been saved.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

Event Log

The system log displays chronological event log data. You may also save a simple text file containing the log to your computer. Click the **Save** button and follow the prompts to save the file. Click **Clear** to remove all the event log. Click **Refresh** to update the information.

KEEBOX **W150NR**

SYSTEM

- Status
- LAN
- DHCP
- Schedule
- Event Log

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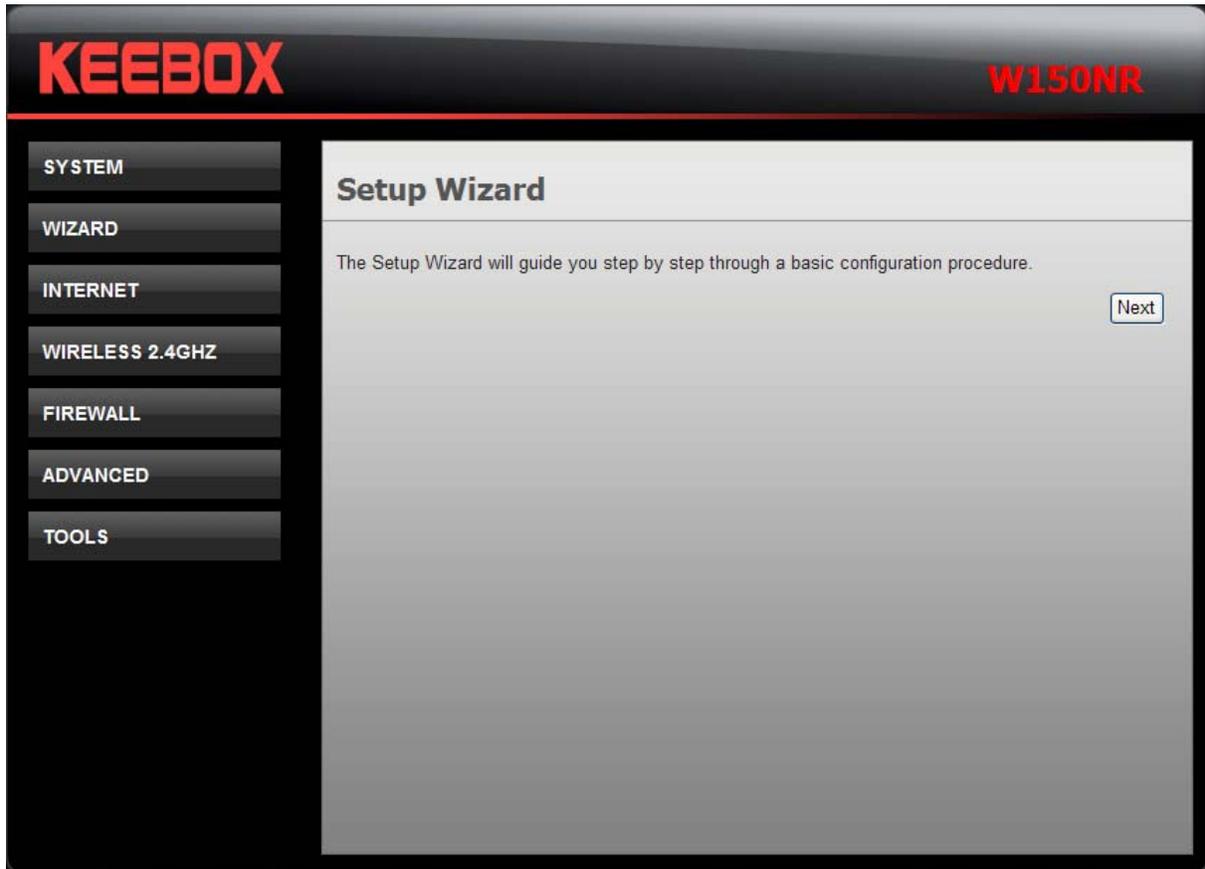
Event Log

View the system operation information..

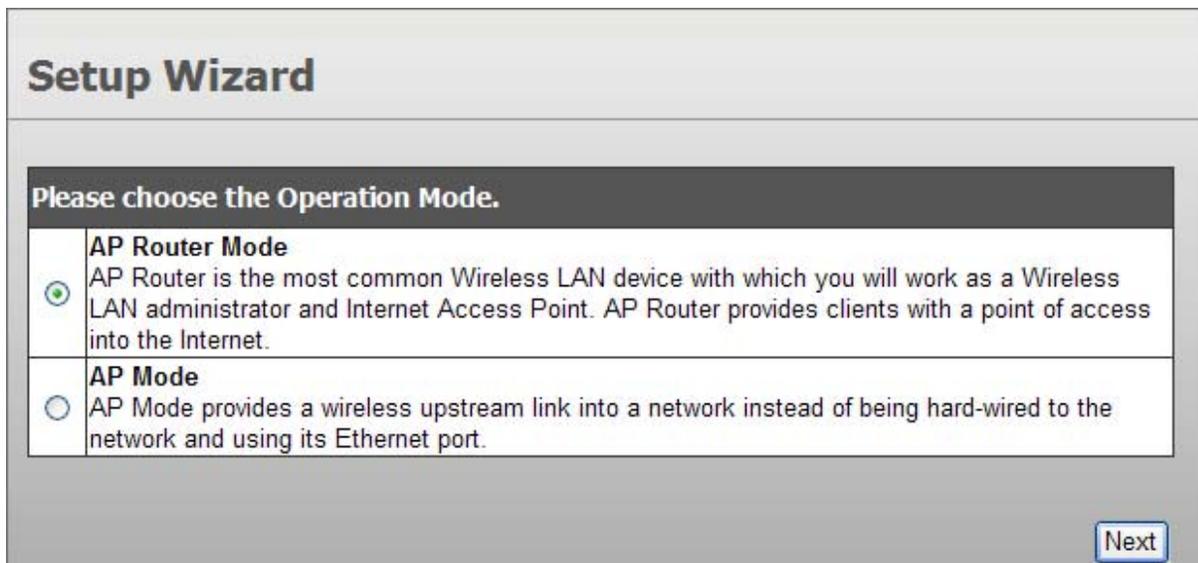
```
Sun Jan 2 00:04:20 2000
[SYSTEM] DHCP: Client send DISCOVER.
Sun Jan 2 00:03:48 2000
[SYSTEM] DHCP: Client send DISCOVER.
Sun Jan 2 00:03:32 2000
[SYSTEM] DHCP: Client send DISCOVER.
Sun Jan 2 00:03:24 2000
[SYSTEM] DHCP: Client send DISCOVER.
Sun Jan 2 00:03:20 2000
[SYSTEM] DHCP: Client send DISCOVER.
Sun Jan 2 00:01:16 2000
[SYSTEM] DHCP: Client send DISCOVER.
Sun Jan 2 00:00:44 2000
[SYSTEM] DHCP: Client send DISCOVER.
Sun Jan 2 00:00:28 2000
[SYSTEM] DHCP: Client send DISCOVER.
Sun Jan 2 00:00:20 2000
[SYSTEM] DHCP: Client send DISCOVER.
```

Wizard

This window guides the user the set up the Internet connections of the Router.



Click the **Next** button to continue. The following window appears.



Click the radio button to select one of the operation modes and click **Next** to continue.

AP Router Mode – WAN Configuration

In this window, select various WAN connections to configure. The available selections are DHCP, PPPoE, Dynamic PPTP and Others.

WAN Configuration

Please choose your service type or select Others to setup WAN configurations manually.

	No.	Service	Description
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	1.	DHCP	DHCP is used when your Modem is controlling your internet connection the Username & Password is stored on the Modem.
<input type="radio"/>	2.	PPPoE	PPPoE is used when your modem is set in Bridge Mode and your Router is used to control the internet connection. IE: router houses ISP's Username & Password.
<input type="radio"/>	3.	Dynamic PPTP	
<input type="radio"/>	4.	Others	

If selecting **DHCP**, click **Next** and the following window appears.

Setup Wizard

Please, enter the data which is supplied by your ISP.

Login Method:	<input type="text" value="Dynamic IP Address"/>	
Hostname	<input type="text" value="W150NR"/>	
MAC address	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Clone MAC"/>

You may need to enter the MAC address of the computer that was last connected directly to your modem. If you are currently using that computer, click **Clone MAC** and then click **Next** to continue. The Host Name is optional but may be required by some ISPs. The default host name is the device name of the Router and may be changed.

If selecting **PPPoE**, click **Next** and the following window appears.

Setup Wizard

Please, enter the data which is supplied by your ISP.

Login Method:	PPP over Ethernet	
Username	<input type="text"/>	
Password	<input type="text"/>	
Service	<input type="text"/>	
MTU	1454	(512<=MTU Value<=1492)

Type in the **Username** and **Password** used to identify and verify your account to the ISP. Leave the **MTU** value at the default setting unless you have specific reasons to change this. Click Next to continue

If selecting **Dynamic PPTP**, click **Next** and the following window appears.

Setup Wizard

Please, enter the data which is supplied by your ISP.

Login Method:	PPTP	
WAN Interface Settings		
WAN Interface Type	Dynamic IP	
Hostname	W150NR	
MAC address		Clone MAC
PPTP Settings		
Login		
Password		
Service IP address	0.0.0.0	
MTU	1454	(576<=MTU Value<=1400)

In WAN Interface Settings, use the drop-down list to choose Dynamic or Static IP. If **Dynamic IP** is selected, you may need to enter the MAC address of the computer or click **Clone MAC** to directly copy the MAC address of the computer. If **Static IP** is selected, enter the IP address, its subnet mask and gateway's IP address.

In PPTP Settings, enter the username in Login, its Password, and Service IP address. Leave the **MTU** value at the default setting unless you have specific reasons to change this. Click **Next** to continue.

If selecting **Others**, click **Next** and the following window appears.

Setup Wizard

Please, enter the data which is supplied by your ISP.

Login Method:	-- Select one -- -- Select one -- Static IP Address Dynamic IP Address PPP over Ethernet PPTP	<input type="button" value="Next"/>
---------------	--	-------------------------------------

Use the drop-down list to select a WAN mode and configure the settings. Click **Next** to continue.

WLAN Configuration

Please choose the security level.

None
 WEP Open System
 WEP Shared Key
 WPA-PSK
 WPA2-PSK

Encryption method: None
 Authentication Type: None
 Please input SSID in the following box.

Please set your desired SSID and encryption Key below.

SSID	KEEBOX W150NR
------	---------------

Configure the wireless security settings in the window. Click the radio buttons to select the wireless security type, and enter the SSID and encryption in the lower half of the window. Click **Next** to continue.

Setup Successfully

System Configuration	
Operation Mode	AP Router Mode
WAN Configuration	
Connection Type	Dynamic IP Address
WLAN Configuration	
SSID	KEEBOX W150NR
Security	None
WLAN Key	

WLAN Router setup successfully. Please click reboot button to reboot system.

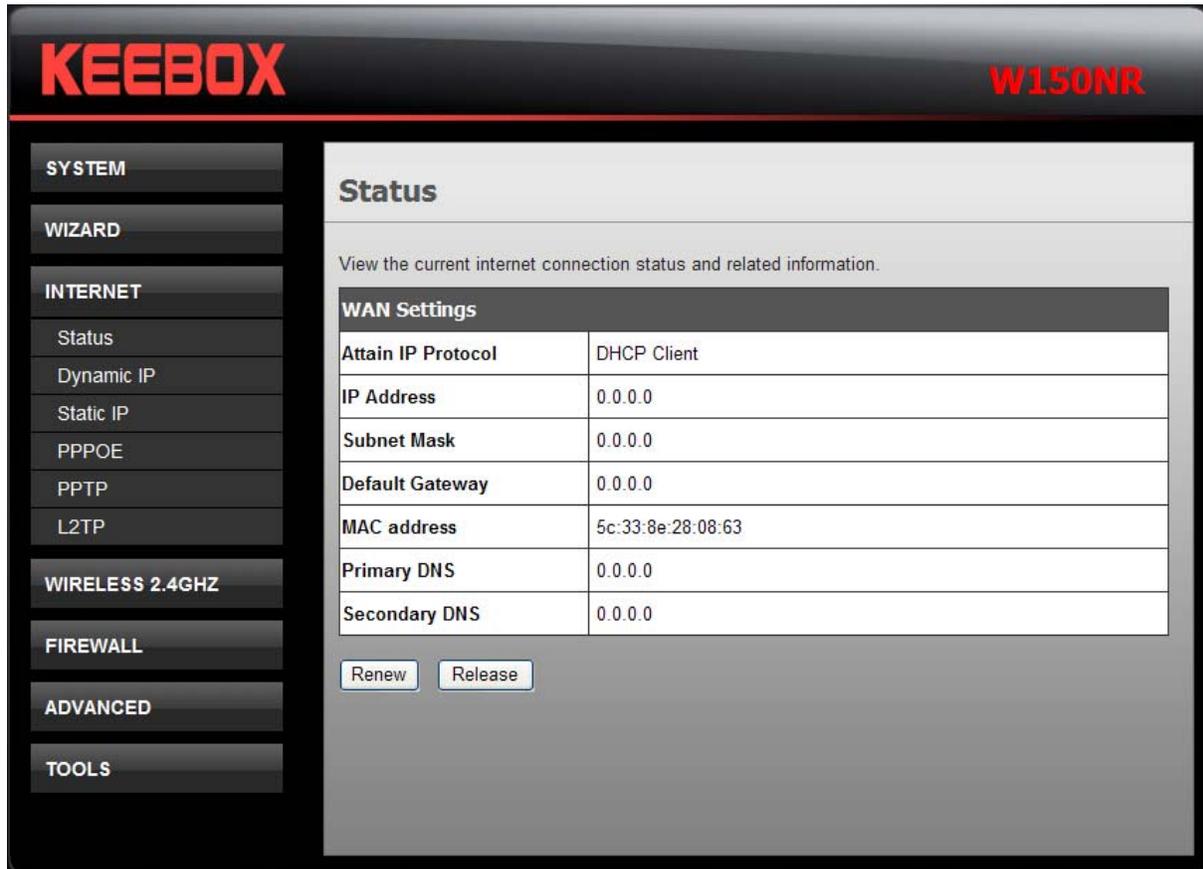
The final step of wizard displays the settings you just made. Click **Apply** to save the settings.

Internet

This chapter provides more manual settings about Internet connection.

Status

This window displays the current Internet connection of the Router.



KEEBOX **W150NR**

SYSTEM

WIZARD

INTERNET

Status

Dynamic IP

Static IP

PPPOE

PPTP

L2TP

WIRELESS 2.4GHZ

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ADVANCED

TOOLS

Status

View the current internet connection status and related information.

WAN Settings	
Attain IP Protocol	DHCP Client
IP Address	0.0.0.0
Subnet Mask	0.0.0.0
Default Gateway	0.0.0.0
MAC address	5c:33:8e:28:08:63
Primary DNS	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS	0.0.0.0

Dynamic IP

Use this window to configure the dynamic IP.

Fields	Description
Hostname	This field is optional, but may be required by some ISPs. The default host name is the device name of the Router and may be changed.
MAC address	The default MAC address is set to the WAN's physical interface MAC address on the Router. You can use the Clone MAC button to copy the MAC address of the Ethernet Card installed by your ISP and replace the WAN MAC address with the MAC address of the Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

Static IP

Use this window to configure the static IP.

Fields	Description
IP address	Enter the IP address assigned by your ISP.
IP Subnet Mask	Enter the subnet mask assigned by your ISP.
Default Gateway	Enter the Gateway assigned by your ISP.
Primary DNS	Enter the primary DNS server IP address assigned by your ISP.
Secondary DNS	Enter the secondary DNS server IP address. This is optional.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

PPPoE

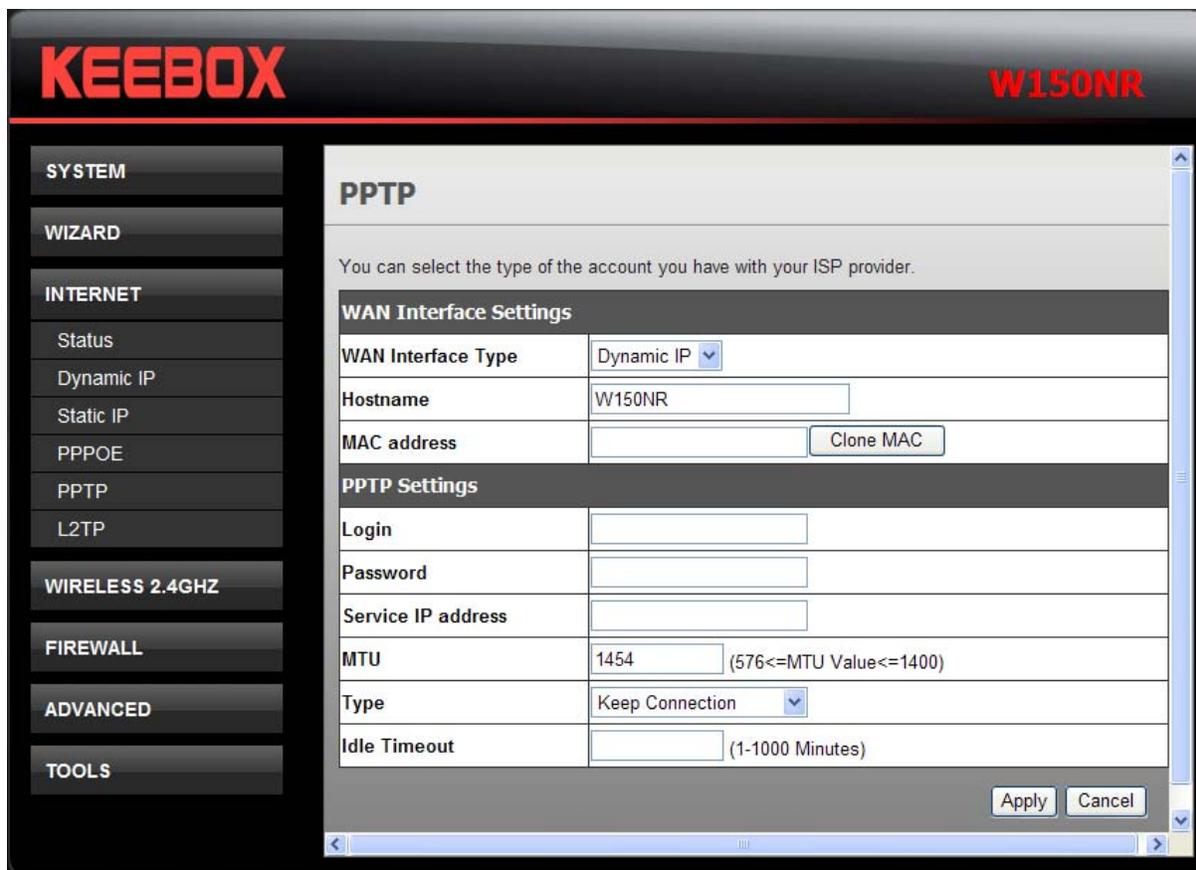
Choose PPPoE (Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet) if the ISP uses a PPPoE connection. The ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services. Make sure to remove your PPPoE software from your computer. The software is no longer needed and will not work through a router.

Fields	Description
Login	Enter the PPPoE login name.
Password	Enter the PPPoE password.
Service Name	Enter the ISP service name. This is optional.
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit is for optimal performance with some ISPs.
Type	Use the drop-down list to select <i>Keep Connection</i> , <i>Automatic Connection</i> or <i>Manual Connection</i> .
Idle Timeout	This is an age-out value, in minutes, before the Router times out.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

PPTP

Choose PPTP (Point-to-Point-Tunneling Protocol) if your ISP uses a PPTP connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services.



Fields	Description
WAN Interface Type	Use the drop-down list to choose between <i>Dynamic IP</i> and <i>Static IP</i> .
Hostname	The selection appears when choosing Dynamic IP in WAN Interface Type . This field is optional, but may be required by some ISPs. The default host name is the device name of the Router and may be changed.
MAC address	The selection appears when choosing Dynamic IP in WAN Interface Type . The default MAC address is set to the WAN's physical interface MAC address on the Router. You can use the Clone MAC button to copy the MAC address of the Ethernet Card installed by your ISP and replace the WAN MAC address with the MAC address of the Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP.
My IP address	The selection appears when choosing Static IP in WAN Interface Type . Enter the IP address assigned by your ISP.
My Subnet Mask	Enter the subnet mask assigned by your ISP.
Gateway IP Address	Enter the Gateway assigned by your ISP.
Login	Enter the PPTP login name.
Password	Enter the PPTP password.
Service IP address	Enter the ISP service IP address.
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit is for optimal performance with some ISPs.
Type	Use the drop-down list to select <i>Keep Connection</i> , <i>Automatic Connection</i> or <i>Manual Connection</i> .
Idle Timeout	This is an age-out value, in minutes, before the Router times out.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

L2TP

Choose L2TP (Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol) if your ISP uses a L2TP connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services.

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L2TP

You can select the type of the account you have with your ISP provider.

WAN Interface Settings

WAN Interface Type: Dynamic IP

Hostname: W150NR

MAC address:

PPTP Settings

Login:

Password:

Service IP address:

MTU: 1454 (512<=MTU Value<=1492)

Type: Keep Connection

Idle Timeout: (1-1000 Minutes)

Fields	Description
WAN Interface Type	Use the drop-down list to choose between <i>Dynamic IP</i> and <i>Static IP</i> .
Hostname	The selection appears when choosing Dynamic IP in WAN Interface Type . This field is optional, but may be required by some ISPs. The default host name is the device name of the Router and may be changed.
MAC address	The selection appears when choosing Dynamic IP in WAN Interface Type . The default MAC address is set to the WAN's physical interface MAC address on the Router. You can use the Clone MAC button to copy the MAC address of the Ethernet Card installed by your ISP and replace the WAN MAC address with the MAC address of the Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP.
My IP address	The selection appears when choosing Static IP in WAN Interface Type . Enter the IP address assigned by your ISP.
My Subnet Mask	Enter the subnet mask assigned by your ISP.
Gateway IP Address	Enter the Gateway assigned by your ISP.
Login	Enter the L2TP login name.
Password	Enter the L2TP password.
Service IP address	Enter the ISP service IP address.
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit is for optimal performance with some ISPs.
Type	Use the drop-down list to select <i>Keep Connection</i> , <i>Automatic Connection</i> or <i>Manual Connection</i> .

Idle Timeout	This is an age-out value, in minutes, before the Router times out.
--------------	--

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

Wireless 2.4GHZ

This chapter provides more manual settings about Wireless connection.

Basic

This window allows you to define SSID and the channel for the wireless connection.

KEEBOX W150NR

Basic

This page allows you to define SSID, and Channel for the wireless connection. These parameters are used for the wireless stations to connect to the Wireless Router.

Radio	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
Schedule	Always <input type="button" value="New Schedule"/>
Wireless Mode	2.4 GHz (802.11b/g/n)
SSID	KEEBOX W150NR
Auto channel	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
Channel	7
WMM Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (Wireless QoS)

Fields	Description
Radio	Use the radio buttons to enable or disable the wireless function.
Schedule	Use the drop-down list to choose the appropriate time to enable the wireless function. Select Always to enable the function all the time. To create a new schedule, click New Schedule to link to System > Schedule .
Wireless Mode	Use the drop-down list to choose the type of wireless.
SSID	Service Set Identifier (SSID) is the name of the wireless network.
Auto channel	Click Enable to allow the Router to select the channel with the least amount of interference. Click Disable to manually select the channel below.
Channel	Use the drop-down list to select the channel of wireless network.
WMM Enable	Tick the check box to enable Wi-Fi Multimedia to enjoy basic quality of service features.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

Advanced

This window allows you to change the behavior of the 802.11g wireless radio from the standard settings. Be aware that any changes to the factory default settings may adversely affect the behavior of your network.

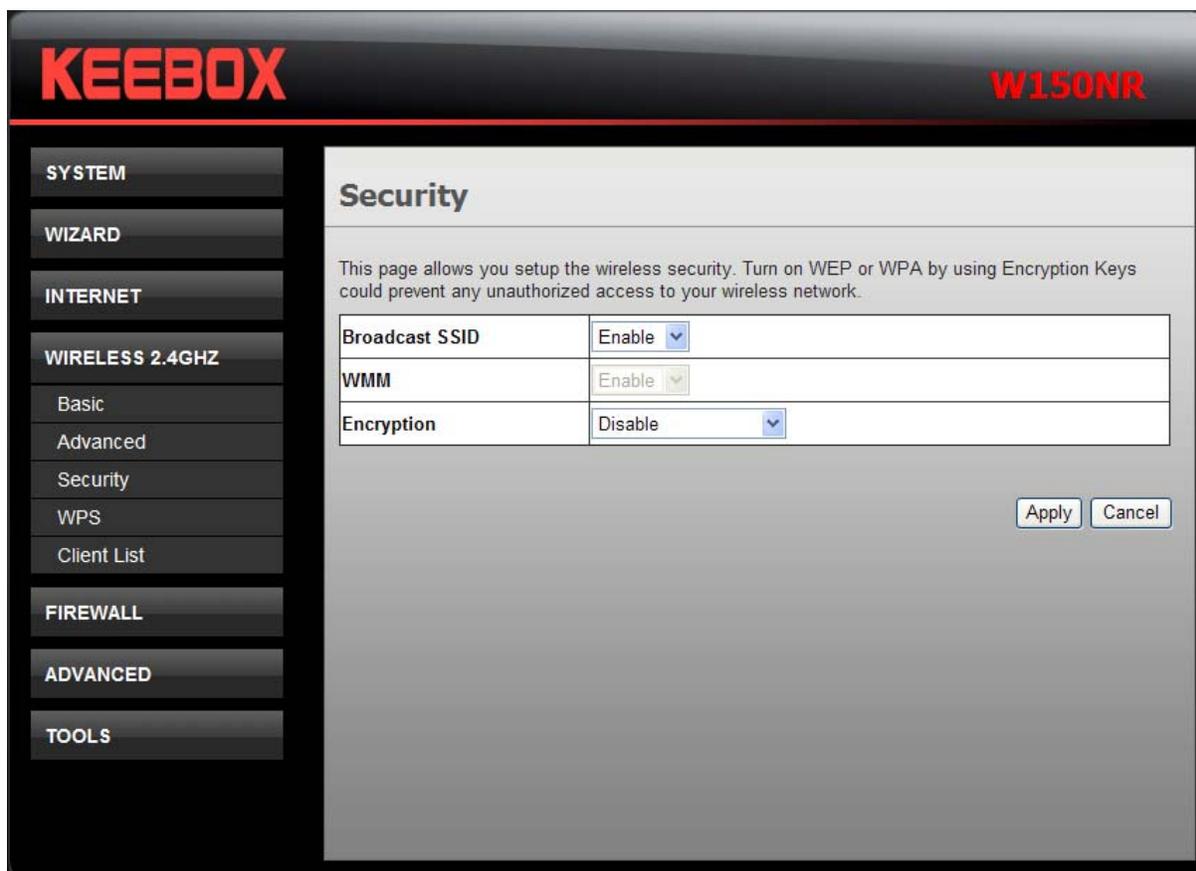
Fields	Description
Fragment Threshold	The fragmentation threshold, which is specified in bytes, determines whether packets will be fragmented.
RTS Threshold	This value should remain at its default setting of 2346. If inconsistent data flow is a problem, only a minor modification should be made.
Beacon Interval	Beacons are packets sent by an Access Point to synchronize a wireless network. Specify a value. 100 is the default setting and is recommended.
DTIM Period	A DTIM is a countdown informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages.
Preamble Type	Select Short or Long Preamble. The Preamble defines the length of the CRC block for communication between the wireless router and the roaming wireless network adapters.
CTS Protection	CTS is a function used to minimize collisions among wireless devices on a wireless local area network (LAN). CTS will make sure the wireless network is clear before a wireless client attempts to send wireless data. Enabling CTS will add overhead and may lower wireless throughput.
Band Width	Use the drop-down list to select the bandwidth. Select 20/40 MHz (Auto) if you are using both 802.11n and non-802.11n wireless devices. Select 20 MHz if you are not using any 802.11n wireless clients.

Tx Power	Use the drop-down list to select the percentage of Tx Power.
Short Guard Interval	Check this box to reduce the guard interval time therefore increasing the data capacity. However, it's less reliable and may create higher data loss.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

Security

This window allows you to configure the wireless security settings.



Fields	Description
Broadcast SSID	Use the drop-down list to broadcasting the SSID or not.
WMM	Use the drop-down list to enable or disable Wi-Fi Multimedia.
Encryption	Use the drop-down list to select the wireless security mode. The available choices are <i>WEP</i> , <i>WEA Only</i> , <i>WPA2 Only</i> and <i>WPA/WPA2 Mixed</i> .

WEP

Select **WEP** from the **Encryption** drop-down list to see the following window.

Security

This page allows you setup the wireless security. Turn on WEP or WPA by using Encryption Keys could prevent any unauthorized access to your wireless network.

Broadcast SSID	Enable <input type="button" value="v"/>
WMM	Enable <input type="button" value="v"/>
Encryption	WEP <input type="button" value="v"/>
Authentication type	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Open System <input type="radio"/> Shared Key
Key Length	64-bit <input type="button" value="v"/>
Key type	ASCII (5 characters) <input type="button" value="v"/>
Default key	Key1 <input type="button" value="v"/>
Encryption Key 1	<input type="text"/>
Encryption Key 2	<input type="text"/>
Encryption Key 3	<input type="text"/>
Encryption Key 4	<input type="text"/>

Fields	Description
Authentication type	Click the radio buttons to select Open System or Shared Key . Shared key provide greater security.
Key Length	Select either 64Bit or 128Bit encryption from the drop-down list.
Key type	Select ASCII (5 characters) or ASCII (10 characters) from the drop-down list.
Default key	Select the default key for the wireless from the drop-down list.
Encryption Key 1 to 4	Enter WEP key here. Make sure you enter this key exactly on all your wireless devices.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

WPA Only / WPA2 Only / WPA/WPA2 Mixed

Select other types of wireless security modes from the **Encryption** drop-down list to see the following window.

Security

This page allows you setup the wireless security. Turn on WEP or WPA by using Encryption Keys could prevent any unauthorized access to your wireless network.

Broadcast SSID	Enable <input type="button" value="v"/>
WMM	Enable <input type="button" value="v"/>
Encryption	WPA Only <input type="button" value="v"/>
PSK / EAP type	<input type="radio"/> PSK <input type="radio"/> EAP
WPA type	<input type="radio"/> TKIP <input type="radio"/> AES <input checked="" type="radio"/> Mixed
RADIUS Server IP address	<input type="text"/>
RADIUS Server port	<input type="text"/>
RADIUS Server password	<input type="text"/>

Fields	Description
PSK / EAP type	Use the radio button to select PSK or EAP type.
WPA type	Use the radio button to select TKIP , AES or Mixed type.
RADIUS Server IP address	Enter the IP address of a RADIUS server.
RADIUS Server port	Enter the port you are using with the RADIUS server.
RADIUS Server password	Enter the passport of the RADIUS server.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

WPS

Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) provides an easier way to allow your wireless clients to connection to your network, using PIN or Push Button (PBC) method.

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WPS

WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) provides an easier way to allow your wireless clients to connect to your network, using using PIN or Push Button (PBC) method. This page allows you to setup and access the unit's Wi-Fi Protected Setup settings.

WPS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable
Wi-Fi Protected Setup Information	
WPS Current Status:	Enabled/Unconfigured
Self Pin Code	68460600
SSID	KEEBOX W150NR
Authentication Mode	Disabled
Passphrase Key	<input type="text"/>
WPS Via Push Button	<input type="button" value="Start to Process"/>
WPS via PIN	<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Start to Process"/>

The following fields can be configured:

Fields	Description
WPS	Tick the Enable check box to enable the Wi-Fi protected setup function. Deselect to disable the function.
Passphrase Key	Enter a key for connecting the wireless network.
WPS via Push button	This virtual Start to Process button has the same function as the physical WPS button on the hardware device. Click to start WPS connection.
WPS via PIN	Enter the password for WPS connection and click Start to Process to start WPS connection.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

Client List

This window displays all the clients of wireless connection.

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Client List

This WLAN Client Table shows client MAC address associate to this Broadband Router

WLAN Client Table

Interface	MAC address	Signal (%)	Idle Time
No client connecting to the Router.			

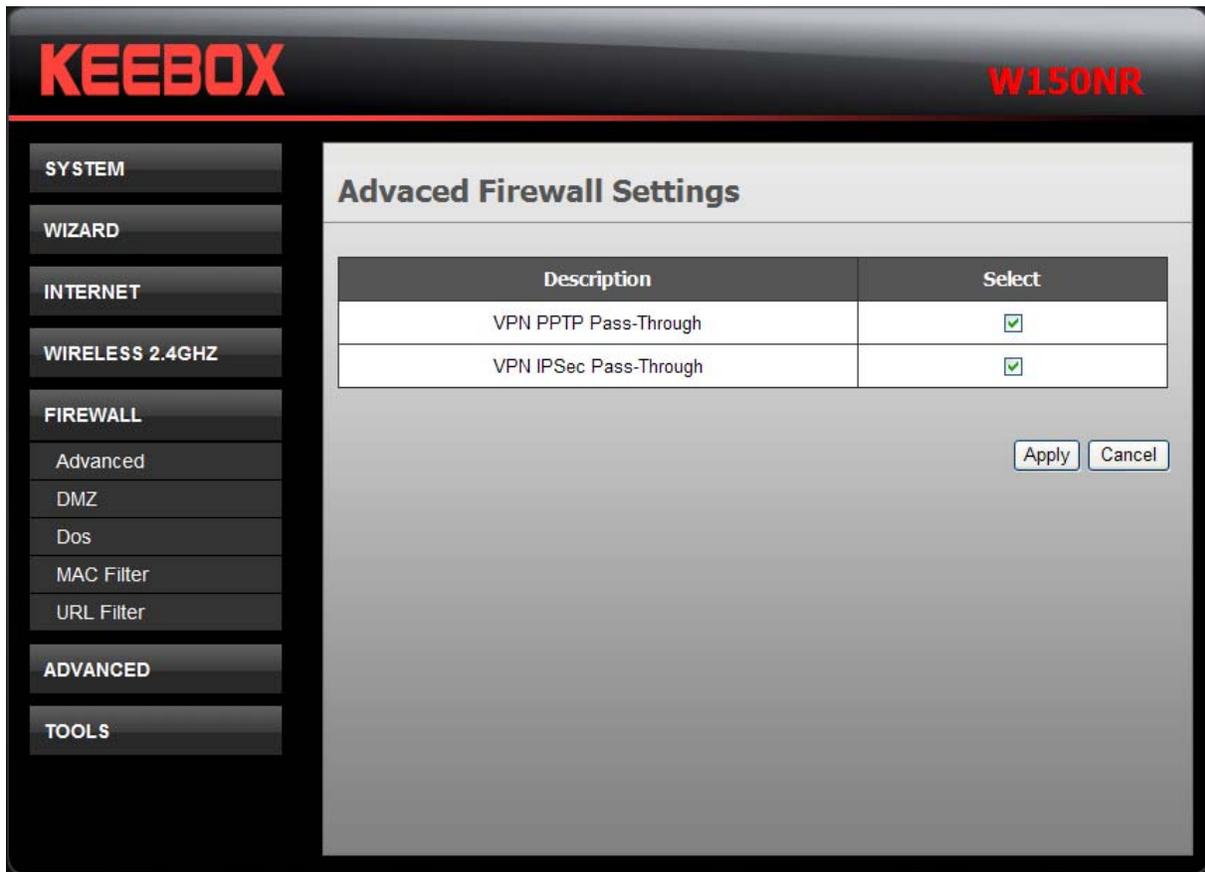
Click the **Refresh** button to update the status.

Firewall

This chapter provides more choices for firewall setup.

Advanced

This window allows you to choose more firewall settings.



The screenshot shows the KEEBOX W150NR Advanced Firewall Settings page. The sidebar on the left contains the following navigation options: SYSTEM, WIZARD, INTERNET, WIRELESS 2.4GHZ, FIREWALL (with sub-options: Advanced, DMZ, Dos, MAC Filter, URL Filter), ADVANCED, and TOOLS. The main content area is titled "Advanced Firewall Settings" and contains a table with the following data:

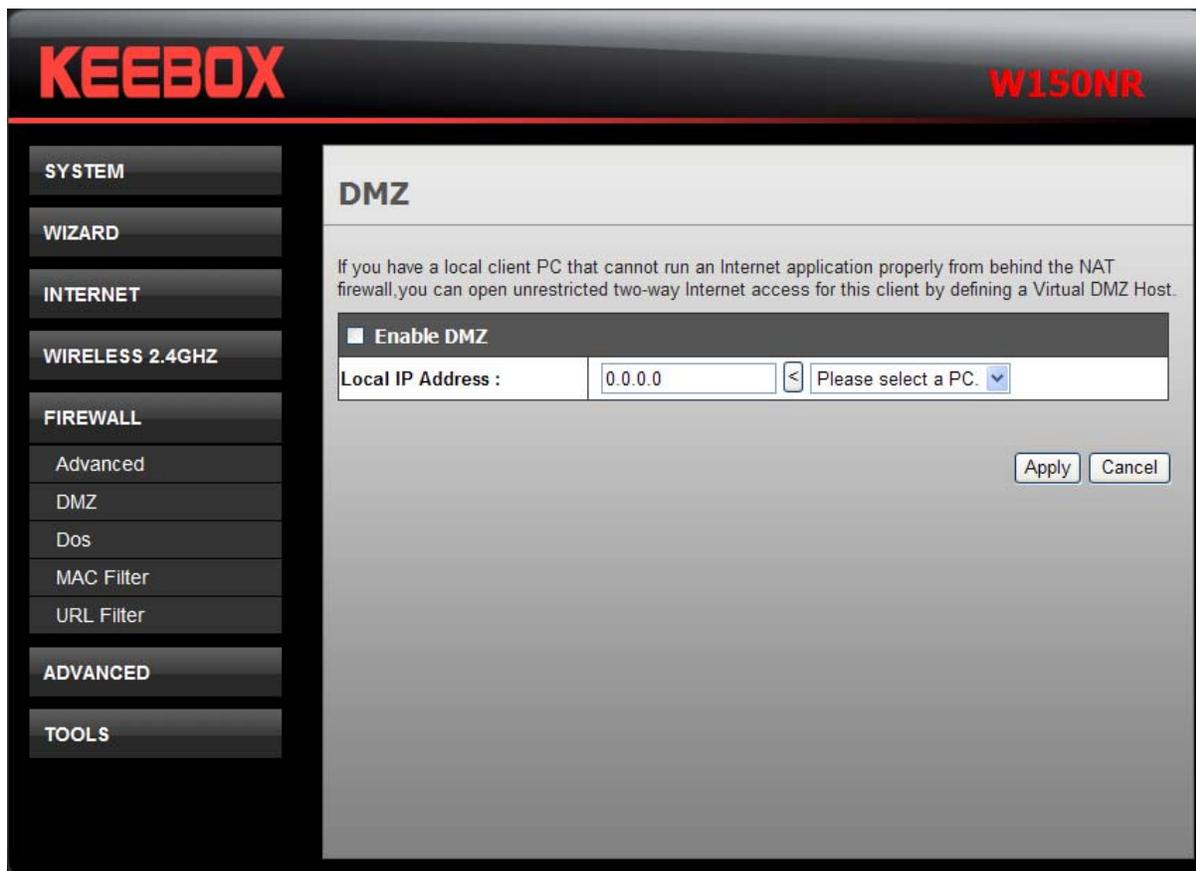
Description	Select
VPN PPTP Pass-Through	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
VPN IPSec Pass-Through	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

At the bottom right of the table, there are two buttons: "Apply" and "Cancel".

Tick the check box to select the firewall settings. Click **Apply** to save the changes.

DMZ

This window allows you to set up a DMZ host and to set up firewall rules. If you have a client PC that cannot run Internet applications properly from behind the Router, then you can set the client up for unrestricted Internet access. It allows a computer to be exposed to the Internet. Enter the IP address of the internal computer that will be the DMZ host. Adding a client to the DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) may expose your local network to a variety of security risks, so only use this option as a last resort.

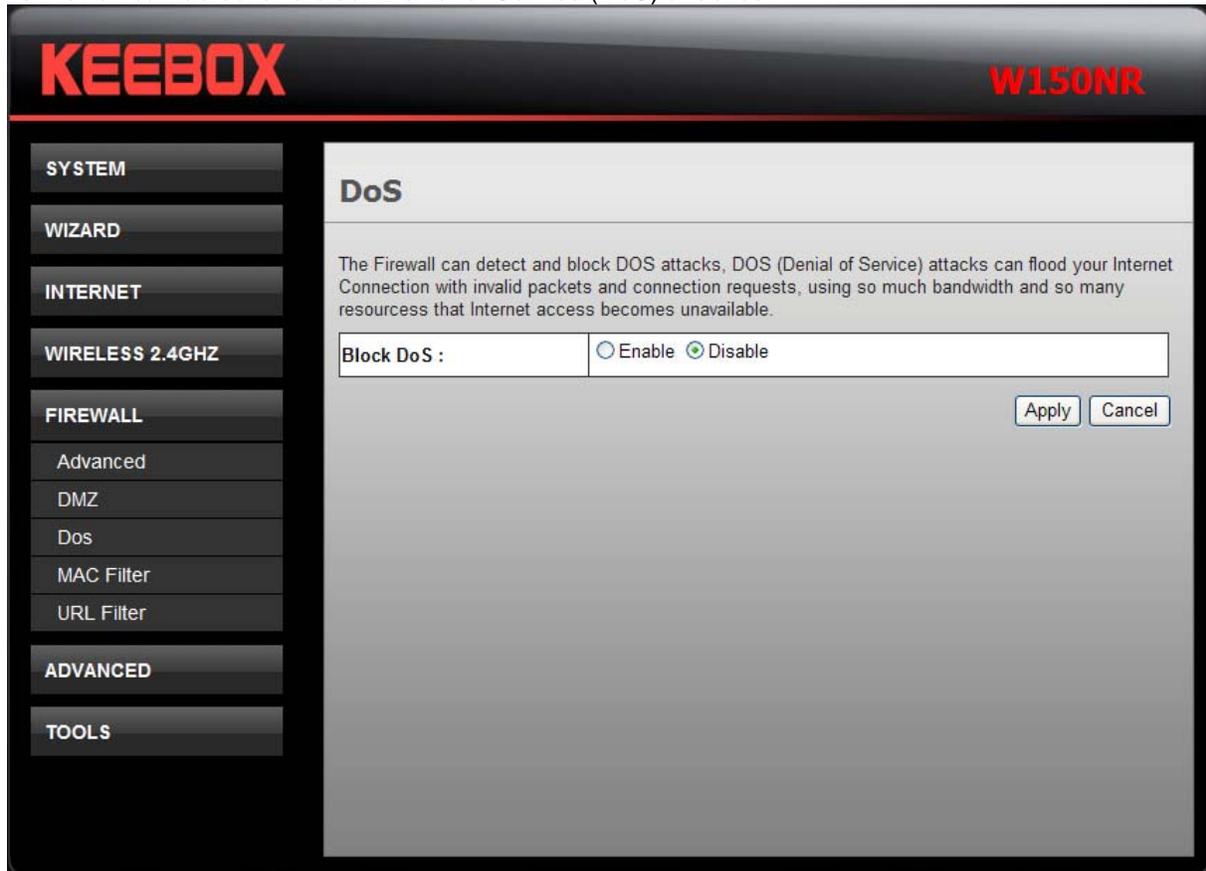


Fields	Description
Enable DMZ	Check this box to enable DMZ.
Local IP Address	Enter the IP address of the computer you would like to open all ports to.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

DoS

The firewall can detect and block Denial of Service (DoS) attacks.



Click the **Enable** radio button to detect and block the DoS attacks. Click **Apply** to save the changes.

MAC Filter

Use MAC (Media Access Control) Filters to allow or deny LAN (Local Area Network) computers by their MAC addresses from accessing the Network.

Fields	Description
Enable MAC filtering	Tick Enable Wireless MAC Filter check box and click the Deny all clients with MAC address listed below to access the network , or Allow all clients with MAC address listed below to access the network of the filtering policy.
Description	Enter the description for this MAC filtering rule.
LAN MAC address	Enter the MAC address of LAN to block.
Schedule	Use the drop-down list to choose the appropriate time to enable the MAC filtering function. Select Always to enable the function all the time. To create a new schedule, click New Schedule to link to System > Schedule .

Click **Add** to save the changes and see the rule in the MAC Filtering table. To remove a specific entry, tick the corresponding check boxes under **Select**, and click **Delete Selected**. To remove all entries, click **Delete All**. Click **Reset** to clear all the information that has not been saved.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

URL Filter

Use this window to deny access to specified websites.

Fields	Description
Enable URL Blocking	Tick the check box to enable the function.
URL/keyword	Enter the IP address or keyword to block.
Schedule	Use the drop-down list to choose the appropriate time to enable the MAC filtering function. Select Always to enable the function all the time. To create a new schedule, click New Schedule to link to System > Schedule .

Click **Add** to save the changes and see the rule in the MAC Filtering table. To remove a specific entry, tick the corresponding check boxes under **Select**, and click **Delete Selected**. To remove all entries, click **Delete All**. Click **Reset** to clear all the information that has not been saved.

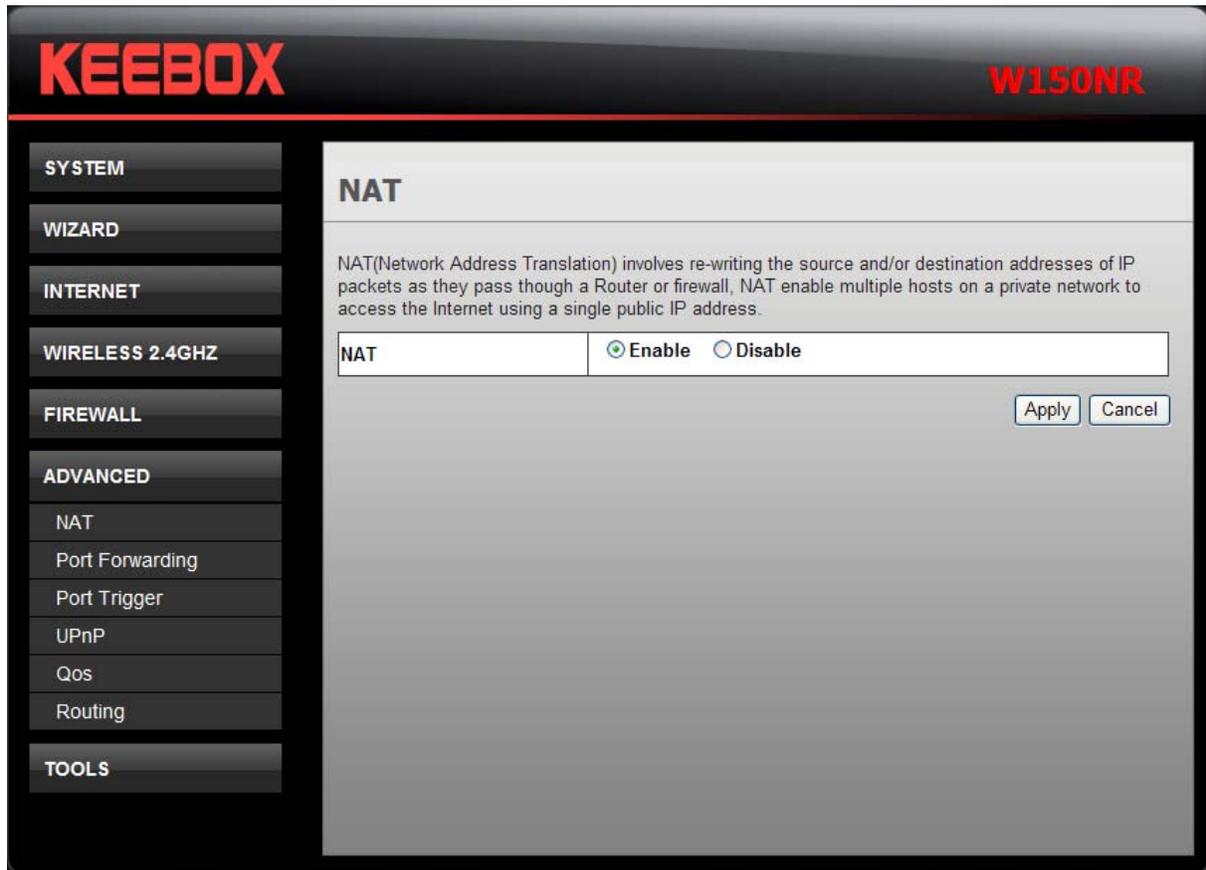
Click **Apply** to save the changes.

Advanced

This chapter include the more advanced features used for network management and security.

NAT

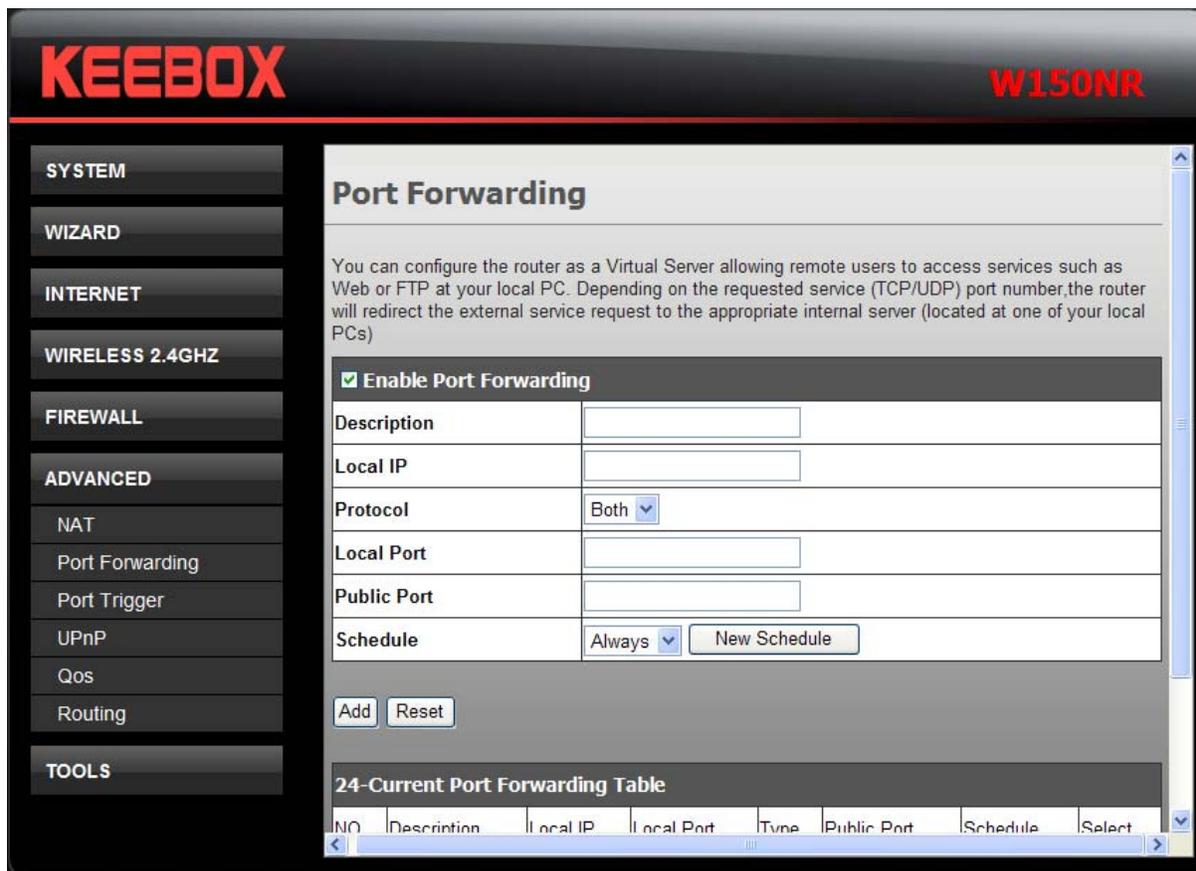
Network Address Translation (NAT) re-writes the source and/or destination addresses of IP packets as they pass through a Router or firewall. NAT enables multiple hosts on a private network to access the Internet using a single public IP address.



Click the **Enable** radio button and the **Apply** button to enable the NAT function.

Port Forwarding

Port Forwarding is used to redirect data to a single PC.



Fields	Description
Enable Port Forwarding	Tick the check box to enable the function.
Description	Enter the description of this rule.
Local IP	Enter a local IP address.
Protocol	Use the drop-down list to select the protocol as <i>TCP</i> , <i>UDP</i> or <i>Both</i> .
Local Port	Enter the local port.
Public Port	Enter a public port.
Schedule	Use the drop-down list to choose the appropriate time to enable the MAC filtering function. Select Always to enable the function all the time. To create a new schedule, click New Schedule to link to System > Schedule .

Click **Add** to save the changes and see the rule in the MAC Filtering table. To remove a specific entry, tick the corresponding check boxes under **Select**, and click **Delete Selected**. To remove all entries, click **Delete All**. Click **Reset** to clear all the information that has not been saved.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

Port Trigger

Some applications require multiple connections, such as Internet gaming, video conferencing, Internet telephony and others. These applications have difficulties working through NAT (Network Address Translation). Special Applications makes some of these applications work with the Router.

Fields	Description
Enable Trigger Port	Tick the check box to enable the function.
Description	Enter the description of this rule.
Popular applications	Use the drop-down list to select an application or click Add to create a new one.
Trigger port	This is the port used to trigger the application. It can be either a single port or a range of ports.
Trigger type	Use the drop-down list to select the trigger type as <i>TCP</i> , <i>UDP</i> or <i>Both</i> .
Public port	This is the port number on the WAN side that will be used to access the application.
Public type	Use the drop-down list to select the public type as <i>TCP</i> , <i>UDP</i> or <i>Both</i> .
Schedule	Use the drop-down list to choose the appropriate time to enable the MAC filtering function. Select Always to enable the function all the time. To create a new schedule, click New Schedule to link to System > Schedule .

Click **Add** to save the changes and see the rule in the MAC Filtering table. To remove a specific entry, tick the corresponding check boxes under **Select**, and click **Delete Selected**. To remove all entries, click **Delete All**. Click **Reset** to clear all the information that has not been saved.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

UPnP

UPnP supports zero-configuration networking and automatic discovery for many types of networked devices. When enabled, it allows other devices that support UPnP to dynamically join a network, obtain an IP address, convey its capabilities, and learn about the presence and capabilities of other devices. DHCP and DNS service can also be used if available on the network. UPnP also allows supported devices to leave a network automatically without adverse effects to the device or other devices on the network. UPnP is a protocol supported by diverse networking media including Ethernet, Firewire, phone line, and power line networking.

The screenshot shows the KEEBOX W150NR router's web interface. The top header features the 'KEEBOX' logo in red on the left and 'W150NR' in red on the right. A left-hand navigation menu contains several categories: 'SYSTEM', 'WIZARD', 'INTERNET', 'WIRELESS 2.4GHZ', 'FIREWALL', 'ADVANCED', and 'TOOLS'. Under the 'ADVANCED' category, several sub-items are listed: 'NAT', 'Port Forwarding', 'Port Trigger', 'UPnP', 'Qos', and 'Routing'. The 'UPnP' sub-item is currently selected. The main content area is titled 'UPnP' and contains a descriptive paragraph: 'Universal Plug and Play is designed to support zero-configuration, 'invisible' networking, and automatic discovery for a range of device from a wide range of vendors. With UPnP, a device can dynamically join a network, obtain an IP address and learn about the presence and capabilities of other devices all automatically. Devices can subsequently communicate with each other directly'. Below this text is a control box with the label 'UPnP' and two radio buttons: 'Enable' (which is selected) and 'Disable'. At the bottom right of the control box are two buttons: 'Apply' and 'Cancel'.

To enable UPnP for any available connection, click the **Enable** radio button, and click the **Apply** button.

QoS

The QoS Engine option helps improve your network gaming performance by prioritizing applications. By default the QoS Engine settings are disabled and application priority is not classified automatically

Fields	Description
Enable QoS Engine	Tick the check box to enable this option for better performance and experience with online games and other interactive applications, such as VoIP.
Automatic Uplink Speed	Tick the check box to automatically determine the uplink speed of your Internet connection.
Measured Uplink Speed	The speed at which data can be transferred from the Router to your ISP. This is determined by your ISP.
Manual Uplink Speed	Enter the uplink speed.
Connection Type	Use the drop-down menu to select the connection type among Auto-detect, xDSL Or Other Frame Relay Network and Cable or Other Broadband Network .
Detected xDSL or Other Frame Relay Network	When Connection Type is set to Auto-detect , the automatically detected connection type is displayed here.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

Routing

This window allows you to define static routes to defined destinations.

Fields	Description
Static Routing	Tick this checkbox to enable or disable static routes to defined destinations.
Interface	Use the drop-down menu to choose the Interface that the IP packet must use to transit out of the Router.
Destination	The IP address of the packets that will take this route.
Subnet Mask	Enter the subnet mask of the IP address
Gateway	Enter the next hop to be taken if this route is used.

Click **Add** to save the changes and see the rule in the MAC Filtering table. To remove a specific entry, tick the corresponding check boxes under **Select**, and click **Delete Selected**. To remove all entries, click **Delete All**. Click **Reset** to clear all the information that has not been saved.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

Tools

Password

This window allows you to change the password and default IP address of the Router.

Fields	Description
Old Password	Enter the existing password when log in the Router.
New Password	Enter a new login password.
Repeat New Password	Retype the new login password.
Host Address	Enter the Internet IP address of the computer that has access to the Router.
Port	Enter a port number to access the Router.
Enable	Tick the check box to enable the remote management function.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

Time

This window allows you to configure time and date of the Router.

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Restart

Time

The Router reads the correct time from NTP servers on the Internet and sets its system clock accordingly. The Daylight Savings option merely advances the system clock by one hour. The time zone setting is used by the system clock when displaying the correct time in schedule and the log files.

Time Setup	Synchronize with PC
PC Date and Time	Thursday, May 06, 2010 2:52:13 PM
Time Zone	(GMT-08:00) Pacific Time (US & Canada); Tijuana
Daylight Saving	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable

Apply Cancel

Fields	Description
Time Setup	Use the drop-down list to synchronize the Router's time with your computer or an NTP server.
PC Date and Time	This field appears when selecting Synchronize with PC in the Time Setup drop-down list. This field displays the current PC time.
NTP Time Server	This field appears when selecting Synchronize with the NTP Server in the Time Setup drop-down list. Enter the IP address of the NTP server.
Time Zone	Use the drop-down list to select your time zone.
Daylight Saving	Tick the Enable check box to enable daylight saving.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

DDNS

The Router supports DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name Service). The Dynamic DNS service allows a dynamic public IP address to be associated with a static host name in any of the many domains, allowing access to a specified host from various locations on the Internet. This is enabled to allow remote access to a host by clicking a hyperlinked URL in the form hostname.dyndns.org, Many ISPs assign public IP addresses using DHCP, this can make it difficult to locate a specific host on the LAN using standard DNS. If for example you are running a public web server or VPN server on your LAN, this ensures that the host can be located from the Internet if the public IP address changes. DDNS requires that an account be setup with one of the supported DDNS providers.

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DDNS

DDNS allows users to map a static domain name to a dynamic IP address. You must get an account, password and your static domain name from the DDNS service provider.

Dynamic DNS	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Server Address	<input type="text"/>
Host Name	<input type="text"/>
Username	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="text"/>

Fields	Description
Dynamic DNS	Click the Enable radio button to enable supporting for DDNS.
Server Address	Select one of the DDNS registration organizations form those listed in the pull-down menu.
Host Name	Enter the host name of the DDNS server.
Username	Enter the username given to you by your DDNS server.
Password	Enter the password or key given to you by your DDNS server.

Click **Apply** to save the changes.

Diagnostic

This window is used to test connectivity of the Router.

Fields	Description
Address to Ping	Enter the IP Address that you wish to Ping, and click Start .
Ping Result	The field displays the result after pinging.

Firmware

This window is for upgrading firmware of the Router.

The screenshot shows the KEEBOX W150NR router's web interface. The top left corner displays the KEEBOX logo in red, and the top right corner shows the model number W150NR in red. On the left side, there is a vertical navigation menu with the following items: SYSTEM, WIZARD, INTERNET, WIRELESS 2.4GHZ, FIREWALL, ADVANCED, TOOLS, Password, Time, DDNS, Diagnostic, Firmware, Backup, and Restart. The main content area is titled "Firmware" and contains the following text: "You can upgrade the firmware of the router in this page. Ensure, the firmware you want to use is on the local hard drive of your computer. Click on Browse to browse and locate the firmware to be used for your update." Below this text is a form with a label "Firmware File:" followed by a text input field and a "Browse..." button. At the bottom right of the form area, there are two buttons: "Apply" and "Cancel".

Click **Browse** to locate the new firmware and click **Apply** to start firmware upgrade.

Backup

This window allows you to set the Router to original factory default setting, back up the configurations and restore the configuration you saved in the local computer.



Fields	Description
Restore to factory default	Click the Reset button to restore all configuration settings back to its factory default settings. The Router will reboot with the factory default settings including IP settings (192.168.10.1) and administrator password.
Backup Settings	Click the Save button to save the current Router configuration settings to a file on the hard disk of the computer.
Restore Settings	Click Browse to locate the configuration file you saved for the Router and click the Upload button to transfer the settings to the Router.

Restart

This window is for you to restart the Router.



Click **Apply** to restart the Router.

Limited Warranty

KEEBOX warrants its products against defects in material and workmanship, under normal use and service, for the following lengths of time from the date of purchase.

W150NR – 1 Year Warranty

AC/DC Power Adapter, Cooling Fan, and Power Supply carry 1 year warranty.

If a product does not operate as warranted during the applicable warranty period, KEEBOX shall reserve the right, at its expense, to repair or replace the defective product or part and deliver an equivalent product or part to the customer. The repair/replacement unit's warranty continues from the original date of purchase. All products that are replaced become the property of KEEBOX. Replacement products may be new or reconditioned. KEEBOX does not issue refunds or credit. Please contact the point-of-purchase for their return policies.

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